Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

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The price of this Gazette is EIGHT DOLLARS per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

*** *No Subscription will be received for a shorter term than six months.*

December 1 1799.

GRASS SEEDS.

Red Clover.
White do.
Timothy.
Saint Foin.
Trefoil
Burnet.
Lucern.
Herd Grass.
Orchard do.
Rye do
Rape and Hemp.

} SEEDS.

ALSO,

SHEET COPPER, IRONMONGERY, and PATENT PLOUGHS, which are said to be more durable than any heretofore invented, and found on experience to diminish the labour both of man and beast—

FOR SALE
BY THOMAS HOWARD,
No. 40 South Second Street, Philadelphia.
February 13. tu&f.8w.

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, North Water-street,
HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING
GOODS,

ENTITLED to drawback, which they offer for sale at moderate prices for cash, or the usual credit; or on a credit of 12 or 18 months upon Mortgages on Real Property, in or near the City of Philadelphia, or other satisfactory security.

50 boxes and bales Ticklenburghs
600 do. do. Hempen linens.
50 do. do. Oznabrigs.
50 do. Patterbornes.
25 do. Bielfield Linens.
11 do. Creas and Creas a la Morlaix.
Brown Rolls.
Do. Hessians.
Polish Rolls.
Bed Ticks.
Siamois.
Arabias.
Empty Bags.
Oil Cloths.
Shoes and Slippers.
Soal and upper Leather.
Quills and Sealing Wax.
A package Gold and Silver Watches.
A few chests Toys.
Slates and Pencils
70 hhds. Havanna Molasses
13 pipes old Port Wine.
25 boxes Tumblers assorted.
200 boxes Hamburgh Window Glass 8 by 10, &c.
1 chest assorted Looking Glasses.
Several large elegant do.
1500 Demijohns.
50 kegs Pearl Barley.
A few tons Roll Brimstone.
20 kegs Yellow Ochre.
A few bbls. Rosin.
40 tons Russia Hemp.
80 hhds. Hogs Bristles.
2 hhds. Dutch Glue.
20 casks Nails assorted from 3d. to 20d.
16 casks Ironmongery.
8 casks Hoes.
German Steel.
6 hhds. Coffee mills.
Blocking Twine, Tapes, Stone Pickling Pots, &c &c.

February 15. satu&f

TO BE SOLD,

THREE or four lots of about 30 or 40 acres each, more or less as may suit a purchaser. On each of which there is a good situation for a house—viz. one on the river Delaware, suitable either for a gentleman's seat or for a person who might wish to engage in the lumber business having a good landing. One commanding a good view of the river from the highest ground between the Pennypack and Poquessin creeks; and another on the Bristol Road. Enquire of Mr. Gilpin near the 11 mile stone on the said road.

ALSO

FOUR LOTS,

Of about 10 acres each with good situations for building; one of which is suitable for a tan-yard, and has a small stone house and a young bearing orchard on it, on the Newtown road near Snider's mill about 10 miles from Philadelphia, and one other lot of about 30 acres on the Pennypack.—Enquire of Jonathan Clift who lives on the premises or of Mr. Gilpin.

Possession will be given in the spring, but building materials may be collected sooner.

November 8 2awtf.

Taxes of Lycoming County.

JOHN KIDD, Treasurer,

BY Direction of the *Commissioners* of Lycoming county, attends at Philadelphia to receive the Taxes assessed upon unseated Lands in that County, from the holders thereof, in this City. Those who have filed with the Commissioners, statements of their Lands, are requested to call upon him, to know the amount of Taxes thereon, and pay them; otherwise, before his leaving the City, they will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection, agreeably to the act for raising county rates and levies Those who have not filed statements of their lands with the Commissioners, and are desirous of having it done, to prevent sales without previous personal Notice, may file with the above Treasurer, their lists, stating the quantities returned, number and dates of the warrants and names of the warrantees, under which they hold their lands. He will attend at Mr. Joseph Hardy's No 98, Market street for this purpose until the 18th instant.

November 9.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwise *GUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman; Esq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemish in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Ferge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almost new, a sailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a swansdown striped under jacket; a rorum hat; one fine and one coarse shirt one muslin handkerchief, sprigged, two ditto striped border, a blue Persian under jacket and two pair cotton stockings. Whoever takes up said negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neighbouring states shall have the above reward or reasonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As said negro formerly lived in Chester county, it is probable he may return there.

November 5

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of THOMAS WILSON, late of Southwark, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, and those who have any demands against the said estate are requested to furnish their accounts for settlement.

SARAH WILSON, *Administratrix.*
JOEL W. WILSON, *Administrator.*
No. 295, south Front street, Southwark.

WHO HAS TO LET,
A BRICK STABLE,
Sufficiently large to contain nine Horses.
ALSO,
For Sale or to Let,
A New FRAME CARRIAGE HOUSE.
Nov 1, 1799. dtf.

LANCASTER STAGES.

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaster line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the past favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, sober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Those who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, sign of United States Eagle, Market street, Philadelphia.

Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.
Nov. 30. ¶ 2t—§

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE POSSESSORS

OF OBLIGATIONS or CERTIFICATES signed by the subscriber, for undivided Shares or Lots on his purchase within the city of Washington, who have not yet applied for and received their Deeds, are hereby notified, that their several Titles will be duly completed to the order of those who in conformity with the terms of the said Certificates, do make the Payments in full therefor, either to *Thomas M'Euen & Co.* or to the Subscriber at Philadelphia, on or at any time before the 31st day of May next.

Samuel Blodget.

December 17

BOONETON IRON WORKS.

TO BE SOLD,
OR LEASED FOR ONE YEAR—THAT
Valuable Estate,

KNOWN by the name of the Booneton Iron Works, situate in the county of Morris in the state of New-Jersey, consisting of a Forge with four fires, a Rolling and Slitting Mill, a Grist mill with two Run of stones, and Saw mill, all in good order and new in use, together with an excellent, large, and convenient house, with out-houses of every kind; among which are an Ice house, and stone milk house, with a remarkable fine spring in it, a large Garden, and an excellent collection of Fruit, a large Orchard, and 2500 acres of wood, pasture and arable land, and a great number of stores and workmen's houses. Immediate possession will be given of houses and stores sufficient for providing stock the present winter, and possession of the whole in the spring.

For terms enquire of David B. Ogden at Newark, mr Peter Mackie in New-York, mr. David Ford in Morris Town, or messrs. Jacob and Richard Faesch on the premises.

January 21

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cœcil county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Gilpin, late of the county aforesaid, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 14th day of August next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 27th of January, one thousand eight hundred.

JOHN GILPIN, *Administrator.*
January 30. tawów.

THE UNDERSIGNED,

HIS Swedish Majesty's Consul General, and authorized to transact the Consular Business, for his Majesty the King of Denmark in the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia,

Hereby gives public Notice,

That in obedience to recent instructions received from his government, it is the duty of all Masters of Swedish and Danish vessels, before their sailing from any port in the said States, to call upon him or the Vice Consul in order to be granted such Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the state of the Neutral Commerce and the several Decrees of the Belligerent Powers, render indispensably necessary, and, that any Master of vessels belonging to the respective nations, or navigating under the protection of their flags, in omitting to take such certificates, will personally stand responsible for the consequences.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.
Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED

FROM the Marine Barracks on the night of the 14th inst—JOHN OSBORN, born in the town of Bedford, West Chester county and state of New-York, aged 22 years, 9 months, 5 feet 8 and a quarter inches high, grey eyes (long qued) light hair, ruddy complexion, pock marked, by trade a Shoemaker. Enlisted by Lieutenant Reynolds in Stephen's Town, near Albany the 25th of June last. Had on and took with him a short round blue cloth coat with a red cape, a blue cloth coatee, a few white waistcoats, a long grey mixed cloth coat and breeches, a pair of boots, a chocolate coloured great coat trimmed with black hair plush, a fur hat half worn, and two silver watches, one a middle size, the other small. He may impose himself on some family or gentleman as a waiter, as he has acted in that capacity—Whoever apprehends said Deserter, and secures him in jail, sends him to Headquarters, or delivers him to any of the Marine officers, or any officer of the army of the United States shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

J. S. LEWIS,
Adjutant Marine Corps.

January 16.

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND
FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
A SKETCH OF THE
Life and Character
OF
PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNIKSKI,
Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias,
WITH
The History of his Campaigns.

Translated from the German of Frederick Anthing.

To which is added,
A concise and comprehensive History of
His Italian Campaign.
By William Cobbett.
With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.

[Price 2 1-2 Dollars.]

Portrait of Marshal Suworow.

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness, executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian Chieftain, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 12.

TO THE PATRONAGE OF
A liberal and enlightened Community
IS SUBMITTED
THE PROSPECTUS
OF
A New Daily Paper,
TO BE PUBLISHED UNDER THE TITLE OF
THE OBSERVER,
AND
Daily Repository of useful Information.

IT will doubtless be deemed a hazardous undertaking to present to the public eye proposals for a new Gazette, when so many are already in possession of the public patronage.

News-papers so much more generally diffused throughout America than perhaps any other portion of the globe, may become either engines of mischief or the implements of usefulness—they disseminate good, or scatter poison, among thousands; and although it may be presumptuous in the Editor of that now proposed to expect that its utility will be great, yet he may be admitted to declare, that it shall not willingly be made the means of doing evil.

His endeavors will be applied to render *The Observer* in some degree conducive to the attainment of knowledge as well as to the communication of news—to enlighten the understanding—to improve the morals—to beget, or to confirm, a reverence for the sacred principles of Christianity.

For this purpose it is intended—
To furnish the most recent foreign and domestic intelligence;
To give useful Prices Current at home and abroad, and other commercial information;
To select from literary productions such portions as may gratify taste and induce improvement;
To unfold and enforce sound and just views of government:
To aid the great interests of piety and morality.
To present occasionally—
Improvements in the arts and sciences—in agriculture and domestic economy;
Proceedings of the General and State Legislatures;
Reports of the Heads of Departments, and of interesting cases adjudged in the several courts of the United States, &c.
Reviews of foreign and domestic literature;
Anecdotes and characters of distinguished personages;
Statistical tables;
Meteorological observations;
Appointments;
Marriages, Births, Deaths.

With these proposals the subscriber diffidently submits himself to the public. He is well aware of the importance and magnitude of the undertaking Solicitous for the fate of his native land, and viewing with anxious fears and hopes the success of a government created by the joint exertions of wisdom and virtue, and conducted with sound policy and genuine patriotism, he feels himself sincerely interested in promoting such measures and principles as he believes essential to public happiness and national prosperity.

CONDITIONS.

I. *The Observer* shall be printed with a neat type, and on paper of equal size and quality with the present Philadelphia daily papers.

II. It shall be published every evening, and regularly sent to the houses of the city subscribers—To others it will be forwarded according to their respective instructions.

III. The price will be *Eight Dollars* per annum to those who reside in the city—and *Nine Dollars* to all others. The additional dollar is to defray the expence of enclosing and directing their papers

IV. One half of the price to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the other half at the expiration of twelve months from the publication of the first number. The succeeding payments to be half yearly.

V. Advertisements that do not exceed in length the breadth of the column will be 67 cents for the first, and 33 cents for every additional insertion. Those of greater length will be charged in the same proportion.

ZACHARIAH POULSON, jun.
March 8, 1800. smwf

An active Boy,

14 or 15 years of age, of reputable connexions, may hear of a place in a Compting House—He is wanted to go on errands and do out door business—apply to the printer.

March 10. 3t

NO RISK!

To Merchants, Store Keepers and Tradesmen in general, &c.

[You will oblige me by reading this advertisement throughout]

I RESPECTFULLY invite you either to the City Tavern, Hardy's Hotel, Francis' Hotel, the Indian Queen, Dunwoody's Tavern, the Franklin's Head, or to the George, to examine a specimen of Rowlett's Tables of Discount or Interest, on every Dollar, from 1 to 2,000; on every ten, from 2000 to 2500; on every fifty from 2500 to 3000; and on every five hundred from 3000 to 5000; from one day to 64 days inclusive, at six per cent. comprising in the whole, upwards of one hundred and thirty two thousand one hundred and fifty calculations of discount; all performed according to the equitable principles of the Banks, and as practised between individuals throughout the United States; being a perfect standard on the subject: with notes, shewing how to use the tables at five, seven and eight per cent. reckoning either 360 or 365 days to the year, and the mode of calculation on cents; to which is added, the principles of computation of the various exchanges between each State respectively, and between these and London and Paris, at different rates of exchange.

The work is dedicated, by permission, to the President and Directors of the Bank of North America, and has already received the patronage of JOHN ADAMS, President of the United States; of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate; of a large number of the Senators and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States; and of the Presidents and Directors of the different Banks unanimously:—a list of the whole is printed and attached to the specimen book.

The preface to the specimen explains, among other matters, the methods to be pursued to render the work perfectly accurate—and gentlemen who will reflect on those methods will agree in the fact. Every one will acknowledge the arduousness of the undertaking.

The expences, independent of any compensation for my trouble, will require a sum between three and four thousand dollars, which is two much to hazard—all must depend therefore upon a general subscription; for unless fifteen hundred subscribers are obtained, it would certainly be imprudent to execute the work.

Subscribers can run no risk, as the book (which will be quarto, from 200 to 225 pages, or more—price two dollars) is not to be paid for until delivered rigorously conformable to my engagements expressed in the conditions affixed to the specimen, which consists of six detached pages of the work.

A table of all the post towns in the United States, and some other useful information (not expressed in the title) will follow the computations of exchanges between this country and England and France; and provided, gentlemen, that a sufficient number of you come forward and subscribe, a further addition shall be made of the coins and money of account of the principal maritime trading places in *Russia, Sweeden, Denmark, Norway, Prussia, Poland, Germany, Holland, Flanders, Spain, Portugal, Italy*, and in several of the *windward* and *leeward West India Islands*, the whole reduced to dollars and cents; and the mode of computing the exchange with those places explained; also, a large sheet table of calculations at compound interest at 6 per cent. to which the notes for 5, 7 and 8 per cent will apply—the tables used in banks for the determination of the valuse of gold; and the interest for each month from one to twelve months, which will make the work still more acceptable to persons living in the country as well as in town; and upon the whole, I am confident, that this book will be found as generally useful and convenient as any matter of fact-performance that ever entered a counting house or store.

It is not sufficient that an individual (considering himself but one) shall conclude, instead of subscribing, to purchase the book when published, as some of the members of the House of Representatives of the United States have done; for, however much I am obliged to these, the the loss of many ONES' subscriptions may lose me the race, and the book may never be published. I repeat, that nothing is to be paid in advance.

And am, very respectfully,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
JOHN ROWLETT,
Accomptant Bank North America.

Postscript.—Gentlemen who have business at either of the Banks, or at the Philadelphia Library, will have an opportunity of subscribing there, as well as at the Taverns, &c. before mentioned.

Copy right secured according to act of Congress.

March 6. T&S&eW

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howckel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no cows or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve.

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.
Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.
august 6 3awtf

UNITED STATES. } ss.
Pennsylvania District. }

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a writ of Fi. Fa. lately to me directed, by the hon. Richard Peters, Esq. judge of the district court of the United States in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at No. 117 in Sassafras street, on Saturday the 15th day of March instant, at 12 o'clock at noon,

2 pipes of Madeira Wine,

called London particular.

The same being a part of ten pipes, levied on, on the 5th day of June last, by

WILLIAM NICHOLS,
late Marshal.

Sassafras street, No. 117,
11th March, 1800 } dts

NEW LINE OF STAGES
To New York,

By the shortest and most pleasant road—passing through Frankford, Bustleton, Newtown, Pennington, Millstone, Boundbrook, Union Camp, Scotch Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE SWIFTSURE

starts from the Green Tree, No. 50 North Fourth Street, at 8 o'clock every morning, and arrives at New York early the next evening.

From New York it starts at 9 o'clock every day (Sundays excepted) and arrives at Philadelphia, early the next evening.

Fare for passengers 5 dollars, way passengers 6 cents per mile. Each passenger allowed 14lb of baggage. One hundred and fifty weight of baggage to pay the same as a passenger.

All baggage to be at the risk of the owner, unless insured and receipted for by the clerks of the different offices. Rate of insurance one per cent.

§ Apply to JOHN M'CALLA, No. 50 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, and to WILLIAM VANDERVOORT, No. 48 Courtland Street, N. E. corner of Greenwich Street, New York.

January 3. codtf

GLASS MANUFACTORY.

THE PROPRIETORS
Of the Pittsburgh Glass Works,

HAVING procured a sufficient number of the most approved European Glass Manufacturers, and having on hand a large stock of the best Materials, on which their workmen are now employed, have the pleasure of assuring the public, that window glass of a superior quality and of any size, from 7 by 9, to 18 by 24 inches, carefully packed in boxes containing 100 feet each, may be had at the shortest notice. Glass of larger sizes for other purposes, may also be had, such as for pictures, coach glasses, clock faces, &c. Bottles of all kinds and of any quantity may also be had, together with pocket flasks, pickling jars, apothecary's shop furniture, or other hollow ware—the whole at least 25 per cent. lower than articles of the same quality brought from any of the sea ports of the United States. A liberal allowance will be made on sale of large quantities. Orders from merchants and others will be punctually attended to on application to JAMES O'HARA or ISAAC CRAIG, or at the Store of Messrs. PRATHER and SMILIE, in Market-Street, Pittsburgh.

March 1, tuthff.

FOR SALE,
A TRACT OF LAND,

About four miles from the city,
CONTAINING ABOUT

21 Acres, situate on the river Schuylkill, and adjoining lands of Jonathan Williams, Esq. and the late John Mifflin, deceased, on which is erected a small stone building, frame stables, and stone spring house, over a never failing spring; on the premises is an excellent stone quarry, and has a small orchard of young fruit trees, and is an elegant situation for a gentleman's summer retreat. Prize Tickets of Canal Lottery No. 2, and liquidated debts of the D. and Schuylkill Canal Company, will be taken in payment.

For further particulars enquire of the printer hereof.

March 5. ¶eo2w

TO BE SOLD,
Or Rented for a term of Years,
A LARGE
TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,
With a Lot thereunto belonging,

SITUATE in Duck Creek, Cross Roads Kent County, State of Delaware, fronting on the Main Street; there are on the lower Floor, five Rooms and an Entry, with a number of well finished Rooms up Stairs, a Cellar under the whole Building, a Brick Kitchen, a Pump of good Water, with a Stable, Carriage House and Sheds, the whole Improvements are in good repair. The Seat is well calculated for either a Store or Tavern, the latter of which it has been occupied for a number of years with considerable success. The situation is dry and the Country around being very healthy and a place of considerable Trade, it will be well worth the attention of any person wishing to purchase or rent.

☞ For further particulars apply to the Subscriber at the aforesaid place.

JOHN CUMMINGS.

January 8. 1ew3m.

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons interested in a Tract of Land lying and being in Springfield, Burlington county, State of New Jersey, formerly belonging to Samuel Bullus, and by him conveyed to his six children, That

WE the Subscribers, appointed by James Kinsey, Esq Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New Jersey, Commissioners to make partition of the same Lands, to, and amongst the said children and their assigns, do intend to meet at the house of *Joseph Hollinshead*, innkeeper in Burlington, on the twelfth day of March next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day, and either by ourselves or in conjunction with the said Chief Justice proceed to allot and by ballot fix on the shares or part of each of the said children and their assigns pursuant to the act entitled "an act for the more easy partition of Lands held by Copartners, joint Tenants and Tenants in common," made and passed the eleventh day of Nov. in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

Witness our hands this fifth day of February, One thousand eight hundred.

Abraham Stockton,
Job Lippencott,
Charles Ellis.

Feb. 2. 3tawtr2M.

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, December 17.

Letters from the Cape of Good Hope mention, that hoſtilities were likely to break out with the Caffres, inſtigated by the Dutch, who were inimical to the Engliſh. Meaſures however, were concerting between the commanders of his majeſty's ſea and land forces, to reſtore a good underſtanding. The troops were in good health, and the ſquadron which ſailed on the 4th of March to cruiſe off the Mauritius had returned, after an abſence of upwards of ſix months, conſiſting of the Tremendous of 74 guns, Jupiter, 50, Adamant 50, L'Oiseau 36, Star 18, and Hope of 18.

December 18.

From the Sun.

The greateſt part of our Journals, and particularly thoſe of oppoſition, have argued on the ſuppoſed armiſtice which is ſaid to have been concluded on the Lower Rhine, as upon a certain fact, and have predicted that a general ſuſpenſion of arms, and even a partial peace, will be the conſequence of it. This, however, appears to us either falſe altogether, or a violently ſtrained concluſion. In the firſt place, whatever appearance of reality there is in the armiſtice in queſtion, the news reſts merely on private authority. The ſituation in which it is ſaid to have taken place is beſides very ſingular, for it is ſtated only to extend from Philipſburgh to Oppenheim, a diſtance ſo ſmall, and a part of the theatre of war ſo little critical, that it is not eaſy to conceive why it ſhould have been choſen rather than another, and why the ceſſation of arms ſhould not have been made to reach from the Villes Foreſtieres to Mentz. This difficulty is but ill explained by ſaying, that generals Baraguay D'Hilliers and Stairay being only ſubaltern commanders, could not contract for more than a limited extent of country; we may be aſſured that neither of theſe generals has concluded this armiſtice, ſuppoſing it even to have taken place, without the concurrence of their ſuperior officers.—Nor is this ſuſpenſion of arms any more an indication of peace, than that which took place in the concluſion of 1795 on the Lower Rhine, and which laſted until the opening of the next campaign.

One of our cotemporaries appears to us to have drawn an inference on another ſubject, not more correct than thoſe to which we have above alluded. This journaliſt ſees "the triumvirs environing themſelves with the friends and martyrs of the conſtitution of 1791, and beholds the royaliſts who adhered to the limitation of the abſolute monarchy at that period, reſtored not only to their property, but to influence and favor."

We are ignorant what facts or what intelligence can have given riſe to this opinion. Far from ſeeing in the Paris papers any thing which can warrant it, we find there that La Fayette and Latour Manbourg had received orders to quit that capital; and we know, through private channels, that their arrival had produced an effect that was unfavorable to them. The conſuls have been ſuppoſed to entertain a deſign of rallying round them all the different parties, excepting one, and of being deſirous of drawing a line between thoſe who have oppoſed it at all times, and under every ſhape. An intention, in ſhort, of cloſing the revolution, has been aſcribed to them. There is nothing which can lead us to ſuppoſe that this opinion has been circulated with any other deſign than that of placing the late revolution in an advantageous point of view. We cannot tell whether, when the conſtitution will be launched, and ſhall be on its courſe, political toleration will enter into the ſyſtem of government, but hitherto it appears to have made but in a very ſmall degree, a part of it. The recall of the prieſts who have taken the republican oaths, and what is worſe, who have married, is certainly but a very ſmall ſtep, if indeed it be one, in the career of juſtice.

December 19.

From the Albion.

A bulletin was yeſterday handed about in the miniſterial circles ſtating that the Auſtrians had taken poſſeſſion of Genoa. This intelligence is ſaid to be contained in letters from Leghorn, brought to this country by captain Hardy (Lord Nelſon's captain) who arrived a few days ago in the Fox cutter from Cuxhaven. The report cannot be reconciled with the accounts in the laſt journals received from the continent, but however erroneous it may be, the freezing of the Elbe may occaſion a conſiderable time to elapſe before it can be abſolutely contradicted, if the arrival of the French papers does not in the mean time, put us in the poſſeſſion of the events which have lately occurred in the Ligurian territory, without waiting for the Hamburgh mails.

Captain Hardy left Palermo the 14th of November. The date of his leaving Leghorn we have not learned, but he muſt have had a tedious voyage, or have paſſed a conſiderable time at the latter place to enable him to bring any news relative to the ſituation of Genoa, later than that which we have received by Paris journals.

Naples, notwithſtanding all that has been done by the Turks, Ruſſians, Calabrians, &c. it ſhould ſeem, is not yet reduced into a ſtate of regular government, and the king, it is ſaid, will not viſit his capital until the month of May.

Before capt. Hardy left Sicily, Sir Thomas Trowbridge had proceeded to Malta to command the blockade of that iſland.

Buonaparte and his colleagues were lately accuſed of entertaining a plan to re-eſtabliſh the ſlavery of the negroes, and place the French colonies on their ancient footing. The charge is now publicly denied by the agents of the conſuls.

The ex-marquis de Grignon, one of the principal leaders of the Chouans, was killed in an action near Chamberaud on the 19th of laſt month. He had 200 louis d'ors in his belt, which were divided by the perſon who ſhot him among his comrades.

Several of our newspapers have reported, that La Fayette has received orders to quit Paris. This is certainly untrue, as he has not been there ſince his return to France. He reſides on his eſtate at ſome diſtance from the capital. Madame La Fayette has ſeen Buonaparte; but the conſul declined any poſitive interference, or even avowed knowledge of her huſband's return. Sieyes obſerved a ſimilar conduct, when the ſame lady waited upon him. Both Sieyes and Buonaparte live in great ſecluſion, and are ſeldom to be ſeen.

The late decree of the French conſulate, withdrawing all further ſupplies for the maintenance of their priſoners, was extremely ſudden and unexpected; as only a few days before, M. Perigeaux, the banker, remitted to Mr. Hammerſley 60,000l. on this account, with the promiſe that the payments ſhould be regularly made in future. Capt. Swinborne alſo brought over a bill of exchange for 1100l. for the ſame ſervice.

One of the laſt ordinances of the Emperor Paul in regard to dreſs is, that every perſon ſhall have his whiſkers cut off. No other than cocked hats and full dreſſed coats are permitted at Peterſburg; and when his Imperial Majeſty appears, though the weather be ever ſo bad, and the ſtreets dirty, every perſon muſt get out of his carriage and paddle through the mud, while he paſſes. No one is permitted to walk in the Imperial gardens with his hat on.

Mr. Horneman, who is a young Hanoverian, full of health and enterprize, has written a letter to Sir Joſeph Banks, from Tripoli. He had travelled from Cairo, in Egypt, through the Lybian Deſart, to Fezzan, the largeſt Oaſis in the Great Sapara, a route hitherto unexplored by the Europeans whoſe travels have been communicated to the public. In the journey from Cairo to Fazzan he halted at Sewah. He was followed from thence by a large party ſent to ſeize him on ſuſpicion of being a French ſpy. But his manners and behavior were ſo completely Muſſem, and he proved himſelf ſo thoroughly maſter of the Koran, that he was releaſed with bleſſings and alms as a good Muſſelmen, and ſent forward on his journey.

A very ingenious author who has lately written on the ſubject of Food, is of opinion that the ſame quantity of meat and flour as would in the ſhape of boiled or roaſted meat and bread afford a ſufficient meal to two perſons, would in the ſhape of a meat pie afford ſufficient for four perſons.

December 20.

We yeſterday received by expreſs, Paris papers to the 13th inſt. which, although they contain no military fact that is at once authentic and of much importance, will, we have no doubt, be found intereſting. Beginning with military affairs, and with that theatre of the war which is fartheſt removed from us, we find nothing new, except an affair which took place on the 23d ult. in the Riviera de Ponenti, in which the Imperialiſts were the aſſailants, and in which the Republicans do not poſitively arrogate to themſelves the victory. They ſay that the loſs of the Auſtrians has been very conſiderable, amounting to 2000 men—the ordinary manner in which they colour a defeat. It does not appear that any engagement has taken place between the army of general Melas and that which is oppoſed to him, now no longer under the command of general Championet, ſubſequent to thoſe of which the Vienna Court Gazette has already brought us an account, and of which a farther official detail is given in a letter from lord William Bentinck, inſerted in the London Gazette of Saturday evening, and in our laſt. The moſt important intelligence which that letter contains, is that the ſiege of Coni was to be regularly begun on the 24th ult.

In Switzerland there is nothing new. The French army is increaſing there every day in the abſence of its commander. Our readers are already apprized that Maſſena has repaired to Paris, and exchanged the command of the army of the Danube for that of the army of Italy; and that the former of theſe, which with that of the Rhine incorporated, is placed under the orders of Moreau. The French papers contain letters from Augſburg, of a date two days more recent than thoſe brought us by the laſt mail, from which it appears that the Ruſſians were decidedly about to paſs the Lech, and to march into Bavaria.

The banks of the Neckar offer more intereſting matter than thoſe of the Bormida and the Stura. The reinforcements ſent by the archduke to general Sztarry have enabled him to attack the Republicans and to defeat them. Engagements took place on the 2d, 3d and 4th, which were both warm and general. The French do not diſguiſe that they were entirely to their diſadvantage; and thus we may eaſily judge, by ſeeing, that on the 5th their head-quarters had retreated as far as Manheim, and that their army, which is now commanded by Baraguay D'Hilliers, had at the ſame period taken that concentrated poſition at the confluence of the Neckar and the Rhine, which it had occupied after every one of its former three defeats. This information is conveyed to us in a letter from Straſburgh, of the 7th inſtant, and inſerted in the Moniteur of the 12th. The ſame letters add what, if true, would be of very great importance in the preſent ſituation of affairs, that an armiſtice was concluded on the 5th between general Sztarry and Baraguay D'Hilliers. Another letter from Straſburgh, of ſo late a date as the 8th, in the Clef du Cabinet, confirms this armiſtice, which it ſtates to be concluded for eighteen days from the 6th inſtant, ſubject to the ratification of the two hoſtile governments; but hoſtilities were not to be renewed without notice, ſhould it not be ratified.

But it is with relation to France itſelf that theſe papers are moſt worthy of attention. They contain the ſuppoſed plan of the future conſtitution—a plan which reſts indeed on no public authority, but that of an individual, whoſe authority in this caſe is not to be diſregarded, Rœderer, who is one of the forward candidates for the new Republican dignities. The confidence which the two conſuls have manifeſted in him, is a pledge of the probable truth of this conſtitutional ſketch, and in this view it is entitled to conſideration. It would be in vain to ſeek a type of this new conſtitution, or even any thing which it nearly reſembles. It is both with reſpect to the names, and forms, a medley of the republican governments, ancients and modern, of thoſe of the United States, and of ſeveral cantons of Switzerland. It is, in a word, a compoſition of Ariſtocracy and of Democracy, in which the firſt predominates. We ſhall, before we ſay any more on the ſubject, wait till it has received the ſanction of being made public. We ſhall not, to all appearance, have long to wait, if we may believe the *Ami de Loix*, for it aſſures us that the Legiſlative body would be convoked on the 13th, and that on the 18th the conſtitution would be ſent to all the departments. This circumſtance leads us ſtill more to believe that the ſketch which Rœderer has given us of it, is in the main exact. All the other paper have beſides argued on the ſame baſis, as on certain data.

It is ſuppoſed that the approaching promulgation of the public eſtabliſhment, as Rœderer calls it, will render the legiſlative debates more intereſting than they have lately been. They have been dedicated, as uſual, to ſounding the bottomleſs abyſs of the republican finances.

Neither the political ſchemes of Siepes, nor the imperious deciſions of Buonaparte, nor the conciliatory propoſitions of general Hedouville and the commiſſary Lecointe Puyraveau, have had any, pacificatory influence on the Royaliſts of the weſt. The ſuſpenſion of arms appears to have been merely nominal and confined to the chiefs; it has probably deprived the Vendeans and the Chouans of a very ſmall number of ſoldiers. We ſee that they extend and multiply in every direction; and hitherto no force capable of ſtopping them has been ſent either into Normandy, Britanny, Marine, Anjou, or Poitou. The iſſue of this conteſt between Royaliſm and the republic will depend, we conceive, in a great meaſure on what the new civil and religious code may be.

A number of curious and remarkable articles are to be found in our ſubſequent columns, among which is an idulatory letter addreſſed to Buonaparte by the Carmagnol Herald of his victories, Barrere. A book is adverti ſed in the Moniteur, the title of which is "The Caule of the Proſcribed," and its motto is the famous ſentence of Sieyes, reſpecting the conſtituent aſſembly, when they ſuppreſſed the tithes, which conſtituted the greater part of the income, "They want to be free, and yet know not how to be juſt!".

We leave our readers to form their own judgment on the pacificatory ſpeculations of the French Journaliſts, on the deſire imputed to Buonaparte, of aſſuming for the baſis of a new peace the treaty of Campio Formio—and on the refuſal of the imperial court to accede to it as a baſis.

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, at Newtown, Cheſter Ferry, Queen Anne's county, ſtate of Maryland, the following negroes, viz. a woman named Nanny, went away on the 23d January, 1799, and took with her a Mulatto female child, about two years old, named Arianna. Nanny is a dark yellow negro, about five feet four or five inches high, remarkably handſome for a negro. Her cloathing unknown as ſhe took a variety of good cloaths with her—ſhe went off with a negro fellow, named Peter, and calls himſelf Peter Simpſon, he is the property of a certain William Bowers of Talbot county, ſtate as above, who has adverti ed one hundred dollars reward for him. Peter is a ſtout well made yellow fellow, about 6 feet one inch high, is a tolerable good Carpenter. Nanny paſſes for his wife, but her real huſband is named Bob, who belongs to her maſter. It is probable they are in the neighbourhood of Salem in the Jerſies, as they were there in October laſt, and by information, Peter had built himſelf an houſe to live in, between Rum Bridge and Gold Town; it is likely they may have changed their names and may have paſſes, as Peter can write a middling hand; it is probable Nanny has another child, as it was thought ſhe was in a pregnant ſtate when ſhe went away.

The noted Ferry man Charles, who calls himſelf Charles Rodney; he went off on the 18th of February laſt, he is a dark mulatto, about five feet eight or nine inches high, about forty years old, ſtoops in his ſhoulders when he walks, a ſcar on his head very perceivable—he took with him a ſmall bay mare about 4 or 5 years years old, her mane trimmed and bob tail'd; his cloathing unknown, as he carried off a variety of cloaths; it is probable he has changed his name, as he is a very artful, ſenſible fellow, he can read tolerably well; it is likely he may hire himſelf to drive a wrggon, being well acquainted with that buſineſs, driving for the army during the war; he alſo perhaps may have a paſs.

The above reward will be given for the aforeſaid two negroes, viz. Nanny and Charles, if taken out of the ſtate, or twenty dollars for Nanny and child, if taken in this ſtate, & 20 do. Charles if taken in this ſtate and ſecured in jail, ſo as I may get them again. If brought home all reaſonable charges ſhall be paid by me.

JOHN QUIMBY.

March 3. tw&ſa.4w.

Schuylkill Permanent Bridge.

STONE.

PROPOSALS in writing will be received until the 15th day of April next, at the office of the Treaſurer of the Schuylkill Permanent Bridge Company No. 11 Church alley, for a ſupply of ten thouſand perch of the beſt quality Free Stone, one half of which muſt be of large dimenſions, viz 7 to 11 feet long, 2½ to 3 feet wide in the bed, 9 to 18 inches deep—the remainder to be of the ſize which is generally called large foundation ſtone, to be delivered at the Weſt end of High ſtreet, in ſuch quantities and at ſuch times as ſhall be required. Price and time of payment to be expreſſed.

JOHN DORSEY, *Secretary pro tem.*

A quantity of TERRASS for mortar will be wanted.

March 17. mwſim

Just Arrived,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

THE CARGO

OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,

Theodore Bliſs, Commander, from Bengal.

CONSISTING OF

An aſſortment of Piece Goods.
Sugars of the firſt quality,
And 200 qr. cheſts of ſuperior quality Hyſon Teas.

Willings & Francis, and
Thomas & John Clifford.

March 17 d.

This Day Publiſhed,

By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Cheſnut Street,

(Price 25 Cents)

THE

Death of General Waſhington.

A POEM.

In imitation of the manner of Oſſian.

By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A.M.

Miniſter of the Firſt Preſbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia.

☞ Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be publiſhed on Monday morning.

March 15. d.

For Sale by Auction,

At the Coffee Houſe, on Wedneſday evening next the 19th inſt. at ſeven o'clock,

THE FAST-SAILING SHIP

Thomas Chalkeley,

Burthen about 1900 or 2000 Barrels.

Inventory to be ſeen at the Coffee Houſe and at the ſtore of the ſubſcribers.

Approved notes at 2, 4, and 6 months will be received in payment.

BENSON & YORK, Auctioneers.

March 17. dtW.

For Sale,

The Cargo of the ſhip Molly, captain Swain, from Batavia,

CONSISTING OF

SUGAR in whole and half canniſters,
Ceribon Coffee,
Black Pepper,
Sapan Dye Wood,
Ebony, and
Thirty two bales of Cotton Yarn.

ALSO, THE SAID *SHIP*

MOLLY,

BURTHEN four thouſand three hundred barrels of Flour, mounts 18 nine pounders, with ſhot and ſmall arms compleat and is newly coppered to the bends with patent copper. Apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

March 15. tu.th&ſa.tf.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE,

Two very valuable Farms,

SITUATED

IN the townſhip of Springfield, and county of Burlington, containing about two hundred acres each. The Woodland and Meadow, of which there is a ſufficient quantity, is not inferior to any in the State.

To attract the notice of perſons reſiding within the county of Burlington, deſirous of purchaſing good land, 'tis only neceſſary to mention that theſe farms are parts of that excellent tract of 1200 acres lately owned by Samuel Bullus.

The terms of ſale will be made convenient to the purchaſer and may be known by applying to the ſubſcribers. Thoſe who may wiſh to view the land, will pleaſe to call on William or Iſrael Shinn, the preſent occupants.

SAMUEL HOUGH,
JOSEPH McILWAINE,

Attornies in fact for John Bullus and Ruth Bullus.

Burlington, New Jerſey,

March 12, 1800. d1m

On MONDAY the 24th inſtant at 9 o'clock in the morning, at the dwelling houſe of George Meade, Eſq. on the north ſide of Market ſtreet between Eleventh and Twelfth ſtreets, being the houſe occupied as the Poſt Office during the laſt ſickneſs, and immediately oppoſite to Mr. John Dunlap's,

WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH,

A very extenſive and general aſſortment of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Being of the firſt quality and in the higheſt preſervation, conſiſting of almoſt every article in the Houſe keeping line; ſuch as Mahogany Side Boards, Chairs, Dining, Pembroke, Card and other tables; Secretaries' Bureaus, Looking Glaſſes, Beds, Bedſteds, Plate and Plated ware, China Glaſs, Marble Ornaments, Marble Buſts, &c &c.

ALSO—a complete ſet of mahogany chairs, ſettees, curtains, &c. covered with blue damuſk ſufficient for a large dining room.

The goods may be viewed on the Friday and Saturday preceding the day of ſale, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 2 o'clock in the afternoon: and ſhould the day prove unfavorable, the ſale will be poſtponed until the next fair day.

EDWARD POLE, & Co.

Auctioneers.

March 10. dtf

JACOB SPERRY, & Co.

No. 195 Market Street,

Offer for ſale at reaſonable prices, for approved paper, or in barter for Coffee,

THE FOLLOWING

GOODS,

Entitled to Drawback:

20 Caſes Cr as a la-Morlaix.
4 do. Do laſſes
4 do. Rouens
4 do Platillas Royales.
10 do Caſſerillos or white rolls of 12 & half yards.
8 do Checks and ſtripes.
3 do. Fine Elberfeld Checks
4 do. Contils and Liſtadoes
1 do. Check ſhirts.
16 do. Oil cloths.
10 do. Tapes of all numbers, plain, twilled, blue and white.
200 Travelling caſes of different ſizes.
4 caſes cut flint Decanters, pint & quart
3 caſes gill tumblers
1 caſe wine glaſſes
171 boxes of Window Glaſs, 8 by 10
2 caſes Sealing Wax
1 caſe Ladies' Shoes
5 caſes fine Elberfel. Linens
4 do. Siamoiſes
3 do. Sileſia hankfs.
2 do. Damaſk table linen aſſorted with napkins
3 do. Moreas
4 do Flanders Bed Ticks, 6 4, 9-4 and 10-4
4 do. Cotton Bed Ticks
1 do. Thread ſtockings, Gloves & pantaloons
1 do. Kid Gloves
2 do. Ribbons
3 do. Garnets and Pearls
2 caſks aſſorted Ironmongery
2 do. Scythes, 10 hands.
4 do. Coffee mills
3 Cables of 125 fathoms each, 9 & 10 inch.

With an extenſive aſſortment of Looking Glaſs Plates of the following ſizes, 16-12, 17-10½, 17-13, 18-14, 20-12, 22-13, 24-14, 26-15, and 28-16, and a variety of other goods uſually imported from Hamburg.

March 11. d6t—taw4w.

Removal of Medicines.

THOMAS CLAYTON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has remov'd the whole Stock in trade of the late firm of J. J. MALCOM & co. druggiſt's to ſign of Fothergills Golden Head, No. 97 South Second Street, directly oppoſite to the City Tavern, where the buſineſs in all its branches will be conducted as heretofore in conjunction with WILLIAM LEHMAN, under the firm of WILLIAM LEHMAN & Co.

March 6. dtf.

A MISTAKE.

AS Mr. Thomas Clayton, in his adverti ſement above, has indirectly aſſerted that I have declined buſineſs, I feel it my duty to inform *my* friends and the public, that I continue the Drug and Apothecary Buſineſs, as uſual, at the *old ſtand*, ſign of Fothergill's golden head, No. 26, ſouth Second ſtreet, a little below oppoſite Black Horſe Alley, where may be had, conſtantly, every article in the line. JOHN J. MALCOM.

MEDICINE CHESTS,

For ſhipping, with plain approved directions, put up at an hour's notice.

March 7.

WATER-OFFICE.

Centre Square, Febeuary 5, 1800.

IN compliance with the inſtructions of the Committee for watering the city, and with my own inclinations, every poſſible admittance and information has been given to thoſe citizens who have viſited the Works during their progreſs. The Engines are now arrived, and are immediately to be put up, and it is hoped that it will be thought reaſonable and juſt, both to the Public, and to the Contractor for the Engines, that the workmen ſhould not be interrupted. As a very few months will fully gratify the curioſity of the citizens, by ſhewing them the Engines in full operation, a temporary excluſion of all viſitors from the Engine houſes cannot appear improper.

B. H. LATROBE, *Engineer.*

February 13. dtf.

WILL BE EXPOSED TO SALE,

(At Public Vendue)

On Second Day, the 24th of this Inſtant,

ON THE PREMISES,

SEVERAL LOTS OF LAND,

PLEASANTLY ſituated on the main road leading from Philadelphia to New York, in lower Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, between the 10 and 11 mile ſtones, containing from one to five acres each; one other Lot, containing about thirty acres, lying on the road leading from ſaid road to Buſſleton; there are on ſaid lot a good ſtone dwelling houſe, a good apple orchard, about ſix acres of well timbered land, the remainder cleared and in a good ſtate of cultivation.

For further particulars, enquire of the owner, on the premiſes.

JONATHAN PAUL.

3d month, 13th. 18t

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF

LAND,

LYING on the Potomac River, county of Northumberland, ſtate of Virginia; containing about 1400 acres—its ſituation is equal to any other in the Northern Neck, remarkable for every kind of wild fowl, oyſters, fiſh and crab, and none better for health. It is about the ſame diſtance from Baltimore, Alexandria and Norfolk, and not more than one days ſail from either. There are three improved plantations with dwelling houſes, the one known by the name of Exeter Lodge, formerly the reſidence of col. John Gordon, is an elegant two ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a paſſage ſixteen feet wide.

The other two are commodious and conveniently fitted, with good and ſuitable out houſes, at one of which John Murphy, Eſq. (now of Weſtmoreland county) lived ſeveral years; on this farm there is a good griſt mill, with water ſufficient to turn any number of ſtones; alſo convenient ſtore houſes and granaries on a public road, well ſituated for a country ſtore. On each of thoſe places there are fine apple and peach orchards. The greater proportion of the land is of the firſt quality, and near the half of the whole heavily timbered. The terms may be known by applying to Wm. P. Tebbs Baltimore, Fouſhee G. Tebbs, eſq. of Richmond county, Virginia, or to Thomas Murgatroyd and Sons, Philadelphia.

Feb. 5—14. d.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 18.

Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum,
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,
Non vultus inſtantis tyranni,
Mente quatit ſolida.

From the SHOP of Meſſ. COLON & SPONDEE.

POLITICAL PORTRAITS.

From the SHAKESPEARE GALLERY.

A PIRATE'S ADVOCATE.

I have great comfort from this fellow* ; methinks he hath no drowning mark upon him: his complexion is perfect gallows. Stand faſt, good fate, to his hanging; make the rope of his deſtiny our cable, if he be not born to be hanged, our caſe is miſerable.

* The Commentators are divided reſpecting what "fellow" was intended by Shakeſpeare.—Some ſuppoſe it was one *Jonathan*, others are confident it was *Thomas*

A GENUINE CLASSIC—THE POET MARTIAL.

Oh never will I truſt to verſes penn'd
Nor to the motion of a ſchool boy's tongue,
Nor never talk of *Aliens* to my friend [ſong
Nor ſcrawl in rhyme like a blind harper's
Taffeta phraſes, ſilken terms preciſe,
Three pil'd hyperboles, ſpruce affectation,
Figures pedantical; theſe ſummer flies
Have blown me full of maggot oſtentation:
I do forſwear them: and I here proteſt
Whene'er I print, I'll print in ſober proſe.
Henceforth my humble thoughts ſhall be expreſs'd
In ruſſet *Yeas*, and honeſt Kerſey *Noes*.

A BANKRUPT REPRESENTATIVE.

If I could ſpeak wiſely under an arreſt, I would ſend for certain of my Creditors; And yet, to ſay the truth, I had as lief have the *foppery* of freedom, as the morality of impriſonment.

A STATE GOVERNOR.

——— Our new Deputy
Whether it be the fault and glimpſe of newneſs,
Or whether that the body publick be
A horſe whereon the GOVERNOR doth ride
Who, newly in the ſeat, that it may know
He can command, lets it ſtraight feel the ſpur:
Whether the tyranny be in his place,
Or in his *drunkenneſs*, that fills the cup
He ſtaggers o'er;—But this new Governor
Awakes us all the enrolled penalties [the wall,
Which have, like unſcour'd armour, hung by
So long that nineteen zodiacks have gone round
And none of them been worn; and, for a *name*,
Now puts each drowſy and neglected act
Freſhly on us ——
Now liberty plucks Juſtice by the noſe
And ******'s *made the clerk*, and quite athwart
Goes all decorum.

Fram the Maſſachuſetts Mercury.

Poverty of thought and attenuated matter mark the page, too generally, of American writers; how often is the protracted column crowded with the impreſſive demonſtration of an axiom? And all the beauties of tautology and repetition diſplayed to rouſe the attention of the curious reader? The theme, like the tortured ſteel beneath the hammer of the Cyclops, grows longer by the repeated ſtrokes of impoſed metal; and like "a wounded ſnake drags its ſlow length along." Sometimes we are preſented with a motley production, which is indebted for birth to every quarter of the globe—compoſed of ſcraps from Latin, Greek and Chineſe Philoſophers and Critics—of the ſame uſe to theſe daring Genii—as a pocket book to a dog (excuſe the compariſon) carrying them in their mouths without knowing their contents. Citations from authors of acknowledged merit and celebrity are ſometimes not only uſeful but neceſſary to corroborate opinions of an abſtruſe or diſputable nature—to give an additional force to moral, as well as ſpeculative truth; and like the trembling light, ſeen from a cottage in the wilderneſs, convince the traveller that his path, tho' devious, is not wholly untrodden; but when they compoſe a ſuperſtructure on the ſandy foundation of ignorance, their beauty is deſtroyed by their diſpoſition; and like patch work, prove the pride as well as *poverty* of the writer. Would theſe *learned* gentlemen ſcribblers be content to write for the amuſement of themſelves and a *ſelect few*, who are *capable* of *diſcovering* and *taſting* the *beauty* of their *compoſition*—I would leave them in the peaceful enjoyment of their *ſprightly ſallies*, brilliant ideas, high wrought metaphors, and delectable contemplations; but when they obtrude their productions on a *leſs diſcerning* world, or thoſe whoſe partiality is unbiaſſed by kindred motives, they will reap a rich harveſt of *ſovereign contempt*.

Nothing is without its cauſe. The natural enquiry then is, whence originates this oppreſſion of the preſs, this tax on paper, ink and quills? Fair ſcience, tho' far from being a coquette, is rather a coy dame.—A ſmile, or a kiſs at fartheſt, is the moſt her ſuitors muſt expect for years of attention. The full fruition of all her charms was never granted to any. Merit and modeſty are the only inlets to her favour—while the rude advances of the inflated coxcomb are repulſed with marks of merited contempt.

I preſume it is more from a want of ſyſtem in the purſuit of knowledge than a capacity for attaining it, which prevents its acquiſition. Too little time is allowed for the peruſal of an author to make us acquainted with his thoughts or impreſs them on the mind.—How many, in eſtimating their knowledge, will enumerate the books they have read?—How extenſive muſt their knowledge be, who have *read* a *volume* an hour by the clock? As many boaſt—and who more fit to write? H.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 17.

Mr. Parker ſaid, it was cuſtomary in all countries to reward men who had rendered ſervice to their country, by performing gallant actions; for ſome time we had known that Captain Truxtun, in the Conſtellation frigate of the United States, had had an action with a ſhip of great force in the Weſt Indies, but until yeſterday it was not known with what ſhip he had ſo gallantly contended—but now it is aſcertained, that the ſhip he fought and beat was La Vengeance French ſhip of war, of 52 guns; the battle was amongſt the moſt bloody and deſperate that has taken place with ſuch unequal force, and terminated moſt honourably to the Captain, Officers, and Crew of the Conſtellation. Other nations, in reward for ſuch bravery and good conduct, reward their officers, if they ſurvive, with titles; if they fall, with monuments; the firſt we have not the power to give, and if we had, would they be more grateful to our officers than the approbation of their country expreſſed by Congreſs—the latter we have granted to none: Something of the ſort will be done for our departed illuſtrious chief; it ought to have been done for others, but as we wiſh not to encounter expence, and believing that our approbation will be grateful to the captain, officers and crew of the Conſtellation, which have a ſecond time diſtinguiſhed themſelves ſo handſomely in defending the rights of their country, by either capturing or vanquiſhing ſhips of ſuperior force, and ſtimulate even other officers to follow the example, and thus make our flag reſpected. I beg leave to offer the following reſolution, viz.

Reſolved, by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, That a Golden Medal, emblematical of the late action between the United States, Frigate Conſtellation of 38 guns, and the French ſhip of war La Vengeance, of 52 guns, be prepared under the orders of the Secretary of the Navy, and preſented to Capt. Thomas Truxtun, in teſtimony of the high ſenſe entertained by Congreſs of his gallantry and good conduct in the above engagement, wherein an example was exhibited by the Captain, Officers, Sailors, and Marines, honourable to the American name, and inſtructive to its riſing Navy.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill entituled "An act to fix the compenſation of the Pay-maſter-general, and the aſſiſtants of the adjutant-general," was read a third time and paſſed.

Mr. Claiborne, from the committee appointed for that purpoſe, reported a bill ſupplementary to the act, entitled an act for amicably ſettling the limits of the ſtate of Georgia, and authoriſing the eſtabliſhment of a government for the Miſſiſippi territory ——which was read a firſt and ſecond time, and committed to a Committee of the whole Houſe.

On motion of Mr. A Foſter, the Houſe came to the following reſolution, viz:

Reſolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire whether any and if any, what alterations ought to be made in the act paſſed the preſent ſeſſion, intitled "an act providing for the ſecond cenſus of the inhabitants of the United States," and that they report by bill or otherwiſe.

Mr. Brace preſented a petition of Mary Wooſter, widow of the late Major General Wooſter, which was read, and referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. D. Foſter, from the committee of claims, made a report on the petition of Moſea Coombes, who prayed for a penſion—whether the petitioner could or could not have ſubſtantiated a claim for a penſion heretofore, the committee report that it would not be expedient for Congreſs to ſuſpend the laws for the admiſſion of it at this time, and that the petition ought not to be granted.

In this report the houſe concurred.

Mr. Cooper from the ſelect committee to whom was referred a reſolution relative to the purchaſe of the copper bed on Lake Superior—reported a reſolution authoriſing the Preſident of the United States, to appoint an agent for that purpoſe, and to report a ſtatement of the facts to this Houſe through the medium of the Preſident—which was referred to a committee of the whole houſe.

The reſolution laid on the table by Mr. Jones, on Friday laſt relative to the act reſpecting intercourſe with the Indian tribes, was taken into conſideration, and agreed to by the Houſe, and a committee appointed to bring in a bill.

A meſſage was received from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their ſecretary, informing the houſe that the Senate have paſſed the bill intituled "an act to alter the times of holding the diſtrict court in North Carolina" that they have rejected the bill intitled "an act to expend the time of payment of bonds given for duties of imports in certain caſes," that they inſiſt on their amendment diſagreed to by this houſe to the bill intitled "an act to allow a drawback of duties on goods exported to New Orleans, and therein to amend the act intitled "an act regulating the collection of duties on imports and tonnage; and that they requeſt a conference, and have appointed managers for that purpoſe on their part

The Houſe went into committee of the whole on the bill to enable the Preſident of the United States to borrow money for the public ſervice—Mr. Parker in the chair—when a long debate took place between Meſſrs. Gallatin, Harper and Griſwold, relative to the finances of the country, after which Mr. Nicholas moved to ſtrike out the amount of the loan, viz. 3.500,000 dols. and Mr. Gallatin entered into a very lengthy inveſtigation of the ſubject, and was followed by Mr. Griſwold. Mr. Nichlas then roſe and after declaring it to be his intention to vote againſt the bill, withdrew his motion. and the committee roſe and reported the bill without amendment, and the houſe adjourned.

NEW-YORK, March 15.

The arrival of the ſhip Supply from Liverpool, has put us in poſſeſſion of a Dublin paper of December 31, (ſeveral days later than by the Dublin Packet.) To gratify the public curioſity, we haſten to give the outlines of the Intelligence.

FRANCE.

THE SUPREME CONSUL

has all power of appointment to poſts in the army and navy—of Ambaſſadors and Miniſters of State—of Juſtice. He is commander in chief of the armies, and has the *initiation* of ALL LAWS. His term of office is ten years and is conſtantly re-eligible.

THE CONSERVATORY BODY

is compoſed of ſixty members—who have been appointed by the Conſuls and the two commiſſions from the Legiſlative Bodies of the old government—They hold their office for LIFE, have power of filling up vacancies—but have no deciſive or efficient influence—it extending only to determining the conſtitutionality of laws.

THE TRIBUNATE

choſen after a long proceſs of filtration from the people—receives all laws from the firſt Conſul, diſcuſſes them publicly—afterwards three from their body go to the

LEGISLATIVE BODY,

where theſe three deputies meet three more from the executive or chief conſul, who explain the nature of the laws propoſed. After this elucidation they retire, and the Legiſlative Body without debate, make their determination in ſecret.

Such are the outlines of this famous Conſtitution.

Upon the firſt view of it there appears to be a great regret and reluctance on the part of the framers, at being forced to let the people have any ſhare in the government. The Conſtitution is a compound of ariſtocracy and democracy; much of the former, little of the latter—it is alſo not without an infuſion of monarchy.

It is democratic, in as much as it is not founded in property; as the body of perſons eligible to the great national officers are drawn, by the proceſs of filtration, from the great maſs of the people; It is alſo democratic, inaſmuch as in explodes the idea of arbitrary arreſt and impriſonment, and eſtabliſhes the trial by jury.

It is ariſtocratic, becauſe the people has no direct influence; becauſe they do not immediately appoint their repreſentatives; becauſe the government has the initiation of the laws; becauſe the deciſion upon thoſe laws is to be in ſecret; and becauſe there is to be a body of men elected for life.

It is monarchial, becauſe the chief power of the State is, in fact, entruſted to one man who is not reſponſible.

The people of France were allowed only 3 days to give their opinion on this conſtitution. It has been very univerſally acceded to. How long it will laſt it would be folly to predict. It is certainly very energetic. But as long as the ſupreme executive has the initation or origination of all laws, the idea of France being a free repreſentative government is rediculous in the extreme.

THE AMERICAN ENVOYS

have arrived at Liſbon, and are proceeding to Paris.

The Archduke on the Rhine has taken Manheim, and forced the French to retire

In Italy alſo the Auſtrians are ſucceſsful. The important fortreſs of Coni has at length capitulated and the French have fallen back as far as Nice.

Peace ſeems yet at a diſtance.

Port of Philadelphia.

United States ſloop of war Patapſco, capt. Geddes, from a cruize, is at New-Caſtle.

Brig Eagle, ——, is below.

Schooner Sincerity, Monteath, of this port, arrived at St. Thomas the 26th ult. in 5 days from La Guira.

"The Moral Diſpenſary" is neceſſarily poſtponed, till to-morrow.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 18

Six per Cent.	16/6	
Three per Cent.	10/	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	15/4	
8 per Cent Stock—5 per Cent. advance.		
BANK United States,	85	Adv.
—— Pennſylvania,	18	
—— North America,	47½	
Inſurance comp N. A. ſhares	4 to 5 per cent. below par	
—— Pennſylvania, ſhares,	18 per cent. adv.	

Eaſt-India Company of N. A. 10 per cent advance
Land Warrants, 32 dolls. per 100 acres.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

London,	62 at 30 days
	60 at 60 à 90 days
Amſterdam,	35 37 à 100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 2 3 à 100 per Mark Banco.

PROPOSALS
For publiſhing in Weekly Numbers,
THE
HISTORY
(CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL)
OF THE
Britiſh Colonies in the Weſt Indies,
In two volumes.
By BRYAN EDWARDS, Eſq.
Of the Iſland of Jamaica,
M. P. F. R. S. A. S.
And Member of the American Philoſophical Society
To which will be added,
(Publiſhed ſince the foregoing, by the ſame author)
THE PROCEEDINGS
In regard to the Maroon Negroes in the Iſland of Jamaica;
With Obſervations on the diſpoſition, character, manners and habits of life of the Maroons; and a detail of the origin, progreſs, and termination of the late war between thoſe people and the white inhabitants.
ALSO,
An Hiſtorical View of St. Domingo, or Hiſpaniola;
Comprehending an account of the former government of the French part of that iſland, its political ſtate, population, productions, and exports; a narrative of the calamities which deſolated the iſland ever ſince the year 1789; and a detail of the tranſactions of the Britiſh army in that iſland to the end of the year 1794. To be illuſtrated with a large two ſheet general MAP of the WEST INDIES, and ten other Maps, all executed in the beſt manner, viz.—of Jamaica, Barbadoes, Grenada, St. Vincents, Dominica, St. Chriſtopher's, Nevis, Antigua, the Virgin Iſlands, and a ſheet Map of the Iſland of Hiſpaniola. And to be embelliſhed with
EIGHT COPPERPLATE PRINTS,
VIZ.
The 1ſt An Indian Cacique of the Iſland of Cuba, addreſſing Columbus concerning a future ſtate.
Note—*This print, with the fourth and ſixth, are particularly illuſtrated. In the illuſtration of the fourth is given a very curious deſcription of Columbus's perſon and manners, with which the print is ſaid accurately to correſpond.*
2d The Bread Fruit of Otaheite as produced in the Botanical Garden at Jamaica.
3d A Family of the Red Charaibes in the Iſland of St. Vincent.
4th Columbus and his two ſons Diego and Ferdinand, diſcourſing on their diſcoveries and proſpects; from an ancient Spaniſh picture in the poſſeſſion of Edward Horne, Eſq. of Bevis Mount, near Southampton.
5th The voyage of the ſable Venus from Angola to the Weſt Indies.
6th A Negro Feſtival in the Iſland of St. Vincents, from life, from an original picture drawn by Agoſtino Brunyas, in the poſſeſſion of Sir Wm. Young, Bart.
7th Plan and elevation of an improved Sugar Mill, deſigned by Edward Woollery, Eſq. of Jamaica.
8th Leonard Parkinſon, a Captain of Maroons, as taken from life.

It is propoſed to print by ſubſcription,
(To be publiſhed in weekly numbers)
THE FOREGOING VERY
Intereſting and uſeful Work.

The ſubſcriber therefore offers theſe propoſals to the public, intending as ſoon as three hundred have ſubſcribed, to publiſh the firſt number, commencing it with the General View of the Ancient State of the Inhabitants, their origin, manners, cuſtoms, &c. as well of Hiſpaniola, Cuba, Porto Rico, &c. as of all the Britiſh Iſlands; and he will continue publiſhing a number weekly, till the whole is finiſhed—on the following terms, viz.

1ſt. It ſhall be printed on a handſome quarto, on a neat Type, and on the beſt Printing Paper.

2d. It ſhall be publiſhed in Numbers weekly, and is calculated to be compleated in Fifty Numbers: Each Number to contain Twenty-four Pages of Letter Preſs. The Price for each Number to be One Quarter of a Dollar, to be Paid on Delivery Should it exceed Fifty Numbers, the Remainder will be given gratis.

3d. The Maps and Prints will be delivered with the Numbers to which they particularly attach, free of any additional Price. And a Direction will be given againſt what particular Page each one is to be placed.

The ſubſcribers Names, with the Title Pages, &c. will be given with the laſt Numbers.

Note. Such Subſcribers as do not incline to receive the Numbers as they are publiſhed, will have them carefully reſerved for them on paying Four Dollars at the Time of ſubſcribing, and the Remainder when the Work is finiſhed.

To prevent Diſappointment or Complaint, it is now premiſed, that as there will be but a very few Copies ſtruck off more than may be ſubſcribed for, the Price of them will be conſiderably raiſed after the Publication of the Numbers which are to compoſe the firſt Volume.

JAMES HUMPHREYS.
PHILADELPHIA, March 11, 1800.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received by ſaid Humphreys, at No. 106, the South Side of Market-Street, Meſſrs. Pritchard and Davidſon, at Richmond, Virginia. Mr. G Hill, Baltimore, Maryland, Meſſrs. Thomas and James Swords, New-York, Mr James White, Boſton; and Mr. T. C. Cuſhing, Salem, Maſſachuſetts.
March 18, eTu4w

MUNGO PARK's TRAVELS,
IN THE INTERIOR OF AFRICA,
Is now in the Preſs of James Humphreys,
PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
And will be finiſhed with all the expedition poſſible;
THE CONDITIONS ARE,
IT is in large octavo, on a beautiful vellum paper, a neat type, and will be illuſtrated with a large elegant MAP of the route of Mr. Park thro' Africa.
The price to ſubſcribers will be two dollars and an half for it neatly bound and lettered.
The Subſcribers names to be printed in the beginning of the book.
NOTE.—It will be neceſſary for thoſe who wiſh to be poſſeſſed of the above celebrated work on the ſuperior paper to ſubſcribe for it ſoon, as there will be but a few copies printed more than what it is imagined will be ſubſcribed for.
Subſcriptions are received by ſaid Humphreys, at No. 106, ſouth ſide of market ſtreet.
march 8. tS.

TO BE LET,
THE LOT,
AT the north-eaſt corner of Arch and Ninth ſtreets, now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Buſby, as a Board Yard. Enquire at No. 218, Arch ſtreet.
March 17. 3iaw tf.

NEW THEATRE.
To-morrow evening, March 19,
Will be preſented, the celebrated Comedy, call'd
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER;
Written by Dr. Goldſmith
Tony Lumpkin, by a young Gentleman,
His ſecond Appearance on any Stage.
To which will be added, a Comic Opera, in two acts, called
THE SPANISH BARBER,
Or fruitleſs Precaution.
Box. one Dollar, Pit, three quarters of a dollar, and Gallery half a dollar.
☞ The doors of the Theatre will open at a quarter paſt 5, and the curtain riſe at a quarter paſt ſix.

NOTICE.
THE Creditors of the late houſe of *Irwin & Bryſon*, of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of ſuch monies of that firm, as have been received by the ſubſcriber, will be made on the twentieth day of April next, among thoſe creditors who ſhall have before that time furniſhed their accounts properly atteſted to
WILSON HUNT.
Acting aſſignee.
March 15: d120

On Saturday,
The 22d March, at ſeven o'clock in the evening, will be ſold by Public Auction, at the City Coffee Houſe, the following valuable
REAL ESTATE,—*viz.*
No. 1.
A Three Story Brick Houſe,
WITH extenſive three ſtory back buildings; ſituate in Front below Pine ſtreet. The houſe contains two large rooms on each floor, and is 32 feet 8 inches in front and 52 feet 6 inches deep. The piazza is 19 feet 6 inches in length, and 12 feet 6 inches in width, in which is carried up an elegant ſtair caſe. The back buildings are 50 feet in length, and 23 feet 8 inches in width, and contain on the firſt floor, a parlour, kitchen, pantry and ſtair caſe. The ſecond and third floors are divided into convenient chambers and dreſſing rooms. The lot of ground is 198 feet deep, with the privilege of a court leading into Lombard Street.
No. 2.
A Three Story Brick Houſe,
Adjoining the above, of the dimenſions and plan as the houſe No. 1, except that the back buildings are only 45 feet in depth. The lot is 131 feet 6 inches deep, and has the privilege of a court into Lombard ſtreet.
The above deſcribed houſes are not plaiſtered, but the carpenters' work is nearly finiſhed. Perſons wiſhing to view them previous to the day of ſale, will pleaſe to apply at No. 188, South Front ſtreet, for the keys.
A Lot of Ground,
19 feet 11 inches front, and 37 feet in depth, upon a court leading into Lombard ſtreet.
The purchaſer of the houſe No. 2, will be entitled to this lot.
Plans of the above houſes and lots are to be ſeen at the Coffee Houſe. The conditions as follow, viz. One fourth in 60 days, one fourth in 6 months, one fourth in 12 months, and the remainder in 15 months, with approved ſecurity and intereſt on the three laſt payments.

VALUABLE LOTS
FOR SALE,
At the Coffee Houſe, on Saturday, March 22, at 7 o'clock in the evening,
Seven adjoining LOTS, numbered in the general plan of public city lots, from 2082 to 2088, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Arch ſtreet, at the diſtance of 75 feet weſtward from Delaware, 13th ſtreet, containing in breadth on Arch ſtreet, one hundred and ſeventy-five feet, and in depth fronting upon a 28 feet ſtreet, north and ſouth, one hundred and 37 feet to a 20 feet wide alley.
ALSO,
Seven other Lots;
Diſtinguiſhed in the city plan 2033 to 2061, ſituate on the north ſide of Filbert ſtreet, at the diſtance of 75 feet from the weſt ſide of Delaware, Thirteenth ſtreet; containing in breadth eaſt and weſt on Filbert ſtreet, one hundred and ſeventy-five feet; and in depth, north and ſouth, front upon a 28 feet ſtreet, one hundred and fifty one feet to a 20 feet alley.
The foregoing fourteen lots are bounded northward by Arch ſtreet, weſtward by a 28 feet ſtreet, ſouthward by Filbert ſtreet, and eaſtward by other public city lots, except that the 20 feet alley runs through them as mentioned, parallel with Arch and Filbert ſtreets. To be ſold, and an indiſputable title given, the ſame being late the property of John Nicholſon.
JOHN CONNELLY, *Auctioneer.*
February 15. ds.

UNITED STATES, } ff.
Pennſylvania District. }
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, iſſued out of the Diſtrict Court of the United States in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be ſold by public vendue, at the City tavern, in Second ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday the 4th day of April next, at ſix o'clock in the afternoon, 1 undivided third part of two certain Meſſuage and Lots of Ground ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut ſtreet, in ſaid city, beginning at the corner of John Wall's lot and extending ſouthwardly 79 feet 6 inches to ground of Micra Fiſher, Eſq thence weſtwardly 54 feet to a corner, thence ſouthwardly 22 feet 6 inches or thereabout to ground of David H Conyngham, thence weſtwardly 46 feet to an alley, thence acroſs ſaid alley 55 feet to a corner, thence eaſtwardly 46 feet, thence northwardly to Walnut ſtreet 47 feet, thence eaſtwardly on the ſaid ſtreet 54 feet, to the place of beginning, ſubject to a rent, charge of thirty five pounds per annum, with the uſe and privilege of the ſaid alley, running into Dock ſtreet; all thoſe City Lots marked in the general Plan No. 1537, 1738, 1539, 1540, 1541, on the weſt ſide of Third ſtreet from Schuylkill, between Locuſt and Walnut ſtreets; 1537, containing in breath ſixty feet and in depth 247 feet 6 inches; the others being contiguous, contain in breadth 250 feet and in depth 247 feet 6 inches; all thoſe City Lots numbered 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397 and 1398, on the north ſide of Walnut ſtreet between Fifth and Sixth ſtreets, from Schuylkill being each of them 16 feet in front and 235 feet in depth. Alſo, all that meſſuage and tract of Land, partly in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, and partly in Montgomery county, containing 29 1-2 acres, be the ſame more or leſs.
Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Donaldſon, Eſq.
JOHN HALL, Marſhal.
Marſhal's Office, March 17, 1800. cot8.

PETER LOHRA
AND
JAMES HUMPHREYS, Junior,
Notaries Public,

No. 54, South Second Street,

RESPECTFULLY inform their respective friends and the public, that they *draw* and *authenticate* according to the *most approved forms*, and with the *greatest dispatch*; *Letters of Procuration, Attorney, and Substitution* of every kind, *Sea Letters*, and *Rolls d'Equipage, Proof of Property to be shipped to Foreign Ports, Affidavits to obtain Seamen's Protections* at the *Custom house* and *Affidavits of every other kind and description; Charter Parties, Bottomree, Respondentia* and other *Mercantile Bonds*, and *Obligations, Assignments, Bills of Sale*, and all other *Instruments of Writing, Certificates* and *Attestations* relative to the *different kinds of Stock, Trade* and *Commerce*, and Register *Letters of Attorney for the recovery of debts*, as well as all other *documents, usually recorded* in the office of *Notaries*.—They also draw *Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Wills, &c.*

LADIES having occasion to execute *Letters of Attorney* for the *Sale and Transfer of Stock*, for the *receiving of Interest and Dividends*, or for other purposes, will, by sending their address to the office, where constant attendance is given during the usual office hours, be waited on at their respective houses.

February 8. tu&fim

NICKLIN AND GRIFFITH
HAVE FOR SALE

small chests of Ginghams,	on board the ship Nestor, in the river from Liverpool
4 ditto of colored Muslinets,	
4 bales of St. Fernando Serges,	
4 ditto of Camblets,	
10 ditto of colored and white Cassimeres,	
14 trunks of printed Callicoes,	

The above are in small assorted packages calculated either for the West India or home trade.

30 tons Lead, in pigs,
8 tons of dry White Lead in hhds.
17 casks of fine dry Yellow Paint,
6 ditto of Mineral Black,
1 ditto of ditto White.
16 ditto of Colcothar,
3 ditto of Purple Brown,
10 cases English China Ware in setts,
36 casks of Nails assorted,
300 barrels pickled Salmon,
80 half ditto ditto,
80 barrels Herrings,
20 ditto Shad,
10 ditto Mackarel,
7 casks of Porter in bottles,
20 puncheons Rum,
190 pipes of Brandy, 4th proof,
13 pipes old Madeira Wine,
27 quarter chests Young Hyson Tea,
13 boxes of Imperial ditto,
English Gunpowder, HF
Forged Copper Nails and Bolts,
Sail Canvals,
Empty Wine Bottles,
Cork in sheets,
Green Coffee in hhds.

February 13. *mwf*

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Zebulon Oldham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the Subscriber, on or before the nineteenth day of October next, they may other wise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

RICHARD OLDHAM, *Administrator.*
January 30. taw6w.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
March 6, 1800.

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at this Office until the seventh day of April next for cutting out cloathing for the Army of the United States.—The proposals must specify the price required for cutting out each of the several articles, to wit, Horseman's cloaks, regimental coats, vests and overalls.

PROPOSALS will also be received until the seventh day of April next for the delivery of five thousand hats and twenty thousand shirts. The hats to be made of good wool to be well manufactured, full cocked, bound with narrow black binding, the fan or hind part eight inches broad, sides and corners six inches broad.—The shirts to be of linen equal in quality with the pattern article, and to be as well made as the said pattern.

One half of the hats and shirts to be delivered on or before the first day of June next, and the remainder on or before the first day of July next.

Patterns of the several articles may be seen at the Military Stores kept by John Harris, on the wharf between Arch and Race streets.

Security will be required.

JAMES Mc. HENRY,
Secretary of War.
March 7. dt5A.

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately issued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Essex, in the state of New Jersey, directed to the sheriff of the said county, against the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the suit of *William Wells*, in a plea of trespass on the case to his damage three thousand dollars;—

And whereas, the said sheriff did, at the term of June last past, return to the said court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the said defendant, to the amount of near two thousand dollars, and also by sixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unless the said John Cleves Symmes shall appear, give special bail, and receive a declaration at the suit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered against him, and his property herein attached, will be sold agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*
Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) 1aw12m

Horses to Winter.

HORSES will be taken to winter at *Prospect Hill*, at the 12 miles stone on the Bristol Road, where they will have good Timothy and Clover Hay, well littered and cleaned and a field to run in when the weather is good.

☞ Enquire of Mr. William Bell Merchant, or on the premises.

N. B. Will not be answerable for accidents or escape, but will take every precaution to prevent either.

November 12 3tawtf

REAL ESTATE,
FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD,
At Public Vendue, on Saturday, 15th of March next,

A three story Brick House,

AND large Kitchen, with two or three building lots, adjoining the same, situate on the corner of King and High Streets, Wilmington. Also, a two story brick house, &c. situate on the north side of the upper market house, Wilmington. Likewise a lot of excellent marsh in Brandywine, of about two acres and a half. It is thought unnecessary to particularize this property, as it is presumed the purchaser will incline to view it. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

SAMUEL & JOHN ADAMS.
Wilmington, (Del.) Jan. 27. 12wts.

FOR DISPOSAL,
The Time
Of two Dutch indented Servants,
(a man and his wife)

Who have two years and eight months to serve.

For further particulars enquire of
JOHN REDINGER,
No. 110 Race street.
February 28 dtf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

About 25 acres of Land,

LAYING on the east side of the Falls Road.—On the East it is bounded by property belonging to Mr. Tench Francis, sen.—on the south, by a road of two perches, and on the north by a lane, which separates it from Mr. M'Call. It is proposed to divide this land into 3 equal parts in order to suit the purchasers.

Also, 31 acres, situated on the west side of Germantown road, adjoining Masters's estate, being part of the property of the late Samuel Mifflin.

For terms apply to Samuel Mifflin, corner of Market and 11th streets.

January 24. dtf.

A SEASONABLE ARTICLE.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE
By WILLIAM Y. BIRCH,
STATIONER,
No. 17 South Second Street,
HAMILTON's ELIXIR,
A SOVEREIGN REMEDY

For Colds, obstinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthmas, Sore-throats, and approaching Consumptions.

THOUSANDS are too well acquainted with the nature and effects of empirical medicines daily offered for the cure of the above complaints; dear bought experience has taught them that oily and heating medicines joined with strong opiates (or sleepy drugs) repeated doses of which, flatter and deceive the patient for the present, by procuring momentary ease; experience, I say, has taught thousands that the common opiates and balsams, as they are called, finally aggravate every disorder of the breast and lungs in their most distressing symptoms; that they load the stomach and impair the digestion, inflame the whole system, increase the difficulty of breathing, and excite fever.—But the qualities of this valuable discovery are evinced by perfectly opposite effects. A SINGLE TRIAL WILL PROVE that it restores the determination of the fluids to the surface of the body, and brings on the common, healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough, viscid phlegm, or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humours which irritate the lungs, and finally discharges them. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course, effectually and permanently conquered, the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present, some of its painful effects.

TO PARENTS
Who may have Children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable; the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Dr. HAMILTON's
Genuine Essence and Extract of
MUSTARD.

For Rheumatisms, Gout, Palsey, Sprains, &c. a great number of attested cures may be seen at the place of sale Dr. Hamilton's Grand Restorative for constitutions debilitated by intemperance of any kind; and for the cure of Nervous Complaints, Inward Weakness, Obstinate Gleets, Fluor Albus in women, &c.

Hamilton's justly celebrated Worm Lozenges, the infallible Itch Ointment, Dr. Leroux's Indian Vegetable Specific for Venereal Complaints, Ague and Fever Drops which had never failed effecting a cure, Dr. Hahn's Antibilious Pill, ditto Corn Plaister, the Persian Lotion for the face and skin, Gowland's Lotion, Church's Cough Drops, Anderson's Pills

THE DAMASK LIP SALVE

Is recommended (particularly to the Ladies) as an elegant and pleasant preparation for chopped and sore lips, and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by colds, fevers, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy colour and delicate softness to the lips.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER
FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

☞ Those who wish to procure the medicines genuine, must apply ONLY as above.

Wholesale purchasers will receive a liberal allowance by application to LEE & Co. Baltimore, who have obtained the general agency for the United States.

Feb. 26. eo1w 2awtf.

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE OWNERS

OF Unseated Lands in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, are hereby notified, that unless the Taxes due on said lands for 1798, are paid into the hands of *John Brandon, Esq.* treasurer of said county, on or before the 20th of April next, they will be advertised for sale, as the law directs

JAMES M'GREW,
HENRY ALLSHOUSE,
JEREMIAH MURRY,
} *Comm'rs.*

January 18. d3m

United States, Pennsylvania District. } ss.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas; to me directed, issued out of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, of the middle circuit, will be sold by public vendue at the city tavern, in Second street, in the city of Philadelphia on Monday the 17th day of March next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, all that certain tract or parcel of land, situate, lying and being on the river or creek called Lackawaxen, in the county of Wayne, containing 8000 acres and upwards; on which are erected a messuage, stables and sawmill, with the appurtenances.—The names of the original warrantees of the said tract or parcel of land were as follows.

Mordecai Roberts,	*John Till,*
Stophel Medera,	*George Warton,*
Zachariah Ferris,	*Benjamin Hancock,*
George Till,	*Edward Welsted,*
Thomas Wiggins,	*James Thompson,*
George Morton,	*Joseph Whitehead,*
George Streeton,	*Patrick Connolly,*
Friend Streeton,	*Thomas Griffy,* *
John Oliphant,	*William Halbert.* *

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Lettis Hooper, deceased.

JOHN HALL, *Marshal.*

N. B. A reasonable credit will be given.

Marshal's Office, Philadelphia, Jan. 4. } eot17M

* *These two tracts do not contain the full quantity of the orignal warrants; part of them having been conveyed away.*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode described by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Offices, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

LAW BOOK STORE,
319 *High Street.*

GEORGE DAVIS has just received from Dublin, via New York, a very large Parcel of Law Books, all of the latest editions, which renders his assortment he believes the most extensive and valuable on the continent. They will be opened this day, and ready for sale at any time afterwards.

The subscribers to that important work, *Wentworth's System of Pleading* are informed that it is now arrived, and will be delivered on application.

Blank Declarations settled and approved by the most distinguished Law characters, to be had of G. D.

March 11, 3taw4w

A NEW
MUSICAL REPOSITORY
IS NOW OPENED
At CHALK's Circulating Library,
No. 75 North Third Street,

WHERE may be had, *all the Fashionable Music* composing the songs &c. lately sold at the Repository in South Second Street. To which, in a few days, will be added, some PIANO FORTES of a very superior tone and quality, Flutes, Fifes, Violins, best Roman Violin Strings, and every other article in the musical line, which will be sold in prime order, and on the most reasonable terms.

Subscriptions received for the *Musical Journal* for the Piano Forte, and the Flute or Violin, the first six numbers of which are already published, and may be purchased together or separately by non-subscribers.

March 6, 1800.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Mathew Irwin did on the 8th day of July 1797 make an assignment of his estate and effects, to us the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors, as should on or before the 20th of September, 1797, execute to him a full and final discharge—Now those of his creditors who are entitled to a dividend under said assignment, are requested to furnish their accounts to Samuel Meeker, with interest calculated up to the 8th day of July, 1797, as a dividend will absolutely be struck on the first day of April next, and those who neglect to comply with this notice will thereafter be excluded from the benefit of the same.

Philip Nicklin	Assignees.
Samuel Meeker	
Nath'l Lewis, by his Ads.	
Pearson Hunt	
John M. Taylor	

Philadelphia, March 14 m&th.tf

NOTICE.

THE Partership of *JOHN HAINES & WILLIAM JONES*, trading under the firm of HAINES & JONES, was by mutual agreement dissolved on the 24th of January last. All persons interested, especially those indebted to them, will please to call as early as possible on *William Jones*, who is duly authorised to adjust their concerns.

JOHN HAINES.
WILLIAM JONES.

The business will in future be conducted by *William Jones*, at the former stand No 132 Market street, 2d door above 4th, where he has on hand and means to keep a regular supply of the best and most fashionable saddles and bridles. Plated saddlery and silver mounted whips. Harness of all kinds and fire buckets, together with a general assortment of every other article usually attached to that line of business.

March 11 3taw3w

THE FOLLOWING
VALUABLE LANDS

Will be offered for sale, at the Merchants Coffee House in this city, between the hours of six and eight on the evening of SATURDAY the twenty-second of March next.

In the County of GLYNN and State of GEORGIA—all patented in tracts of 1000 acres.

7,000	Acres at the confluence of Frederica and Turtle rivers, and head of St. Simon's sound, near the town of Brunswick.
282,000	Acres on the waters of the great and little Satilla rivers, and of Buffaloe creek.
41,000	Near the above described tracts.
25,000	Near the above described tracts.
280,000	Acres on the waters of the great Satilla and Alatahama.
247,000	Acres on the same waters.
50,000	Acres on the waters of the great Satilla.
50,000	Acres on the waters of little Satilla and Alatamaha rivers and Buffaloe creek.
60,000	Near the above described tracts.

In the State of VIRGINIA—all patented.

44,000	Acres in the county of Bath, on both sides of Green Briar river, subject to to 3000 acres of prior surveys, included within the said 44,000 acres, but exclusive of that quantity.
41,000	Acres in the county of Bath, on the east side of the Cow Pasture river and and on both sides of the Waggon Road leading from the Warm Springs to Staunton, subject as aforesaid to 5000 acres prior surveys.
40,000	Acres in the county of Randolph, on Buchanan river, subject as aforesaid to 4588 acres prior surveys.
30,000	Acres in the county of Bath, on the east side of Calf Pasture river, subject as aforesaid to 5000 acres prior surveys.

In PENNSYLVANIA.

60,000	Acres in Northumberland county, surveyed and returned.
46,800	Acres in Northumberland county, surveyed and returned.
40,400	Acres in Bedford county, surveyed and ready to be returned.

§ For the greater part of the purchase money a liberal credit will be allowed the purchasers, giving unquestionable security.

Persons wishing particular information will please to apply at No. 41 Arch street, where the patents and drafts, and also certificates of the quality of the Georgia and Virginia Lands are deposited

THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
BENJAMIN R. MORGAN,
JEREMIAH PARKER.

☞ Also, at the same time and place, 40473 acres and one-third of an acre in Mason county, in the State of Kentucky, on the North Fork, within four miles of its junction with the Middle Fork of Kentucky river—this tract was surveyed in the year 1784: a draft of it may be seen by applying as above directed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7. 2awtS

Fashionable Millinery.

ELIZA M'DOUGALL,
NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,

HAS just received per ship Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant assortment of the most fashionable MILLINERY, viz.

Chemille rosette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tiffany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dress caps
Do. do. and do. Nelson's bonnets
Infant's pipe straw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Women's do. do. do.
Do. do. shades
Do do hats
Fancy bugle shoe roses
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks

N. B. And per Harmony, just arrived, a further assortment of Millinery.

June 26 eotf.

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes,
FOR SALE
By ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose——Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

NOTICE.

A CERTIFICATE of one Share of the Bank of the United States, No. 29120, in the name of Lewis Peter Quirtyn, and a Certificate of two Shares of the said Bank, No. 29119, in the name of George James Cholmondely, Earl of Cholmondely, were forwarded from New-York by the Chesterfield British Packet for Falmouth, which was captured by the French, and the Certificates lost or destroyed, and for which application is made at said Bank for the renewal thereof, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.
February 21. d3m.

FOR SALE
Or to be exchanged for a good Vessel,

AN elegant new two story FRAME HOUSE, twenty-seven feet front by thirty-four in depth, with a commodious piazza and kitchen, together with a coach house and stable, situate in the flourishing village of Frankford. The house, which may be entered the first of June next, will be finished in the neatest stile with many conveniences, and will be well adapted to a large genteel family who may wish to reside in the country during the summer season. In exchange, it will be valued low, if a vessel offer that may be suitable.

Further particulars will be made known by application to

MOORE WHARTON.
February 24. dtf.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,
OR EXCHANGED,
For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

CAUTION.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the Subscribers Note in favor of, and indorsed by Thomas W. Francis, dated yesterday, at 60 days after date for eight hundred dollars. The note is in the hand writing of the Subscriber, and at the bottom a memorandum by the indorser, to the credit of the drawer, Thomas W. Francis. This note together with a contract between Charles Williamson, and Charles Hale for lands in township, No. 4, in the 5th range of Strucker county, state of New Jersey, and sundry other papers contained in a Pocket Book, were taken from the Subscribers desk last evening. As the above can be of no use to the person who has carried them off, should they be returned, no questions shall be asked.

SAMUEL MIFFLIN.
February 6. dtf.

NOTICE.

To all persons who own unseated Lands in Franklin County, State of Pennsylvania:

THAT they come forward and pay their respective Taxes, (as there is a number of years now due) to PATRICK CAMPBELL, Esq. Treasurer for said County—If they do not, we will be obliged to proceed to make sale of them agreeably to law.

JAMES IRVIN,
JOHN HALLIDAY,
NATHAN M'DOWEL,
} Com'rs

Commissioner's office, Chambersburgh, Jan. 1, 1800. } 12w3m.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July instant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaster county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, squints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of strong liquor, has been brought up to the farming business, is very handy at any kind of labaring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongst which were, one suit plain Nankeen; (some money). It is expected he has shaped his course for Philadelphia or New York.

† The above reward will be paid for securing him in any gaol in the United States, with reasonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.
Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799.
(O18) d6m

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*